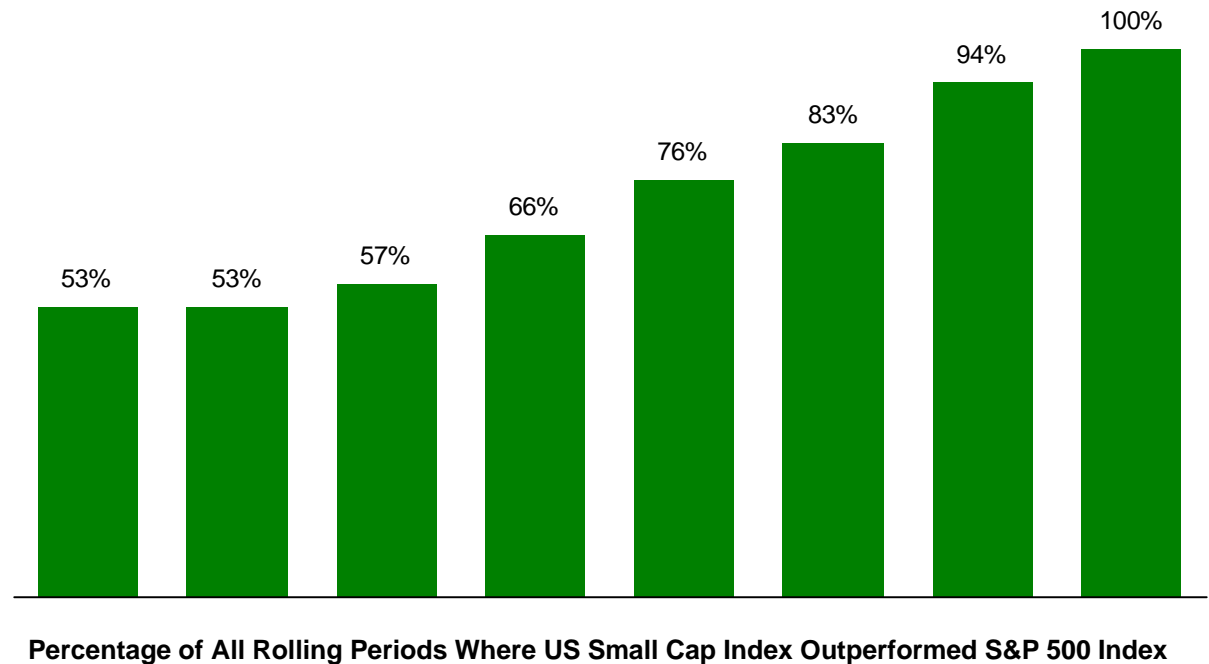


# Small Stocks vs. Large Stocks

Monthly: July 1926-December 2007

Rolling Time Periods	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	30 Years	40 Years
Total Number of Periods	967	943	919	859	799	739	619	499
Number of Periods US Small Cap Index Outperformed S&P 500 Index	517	500	528	565	609	614	583	499



The S&P data are provided by Standard & Poor's Index Services Group. CRSP data provided by the Center for Research in Security Prices, University of Chicago.

Indexes are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Values change frequently and past performance may not be repeated. There is always the risk that an investor may lose money. Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the portfolios that own them, to rise or fall. Because the value of your investment in a portfolio will fluctuate, there is a risk that you will lose money. Securities of small companies are often less liquid than those of large companies. As a result, small company stocks may fluctuate relatively more in price. Indexes are referred to for comparative purposes only and do not represent similar asset classes in terms of components or risk exposure; thus, their returns may vary significantly. The S&P 500 Index measures the performance of large cap US stocks. The CRSP 6-10 Index measures the performance of US small cap stocks, those in the five smallest deciles of the US market.